Roll No

021

221 (HEF)

2024 ENGLISH

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 80

Note: (i) This question paper is divided into Four Sections-A, B, C and D.

(ii) All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.

SECTION - A (Reading)

Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow-

In the last few years, India has witnessed a degradation of its dense forest cover at an unprecedented rate. Despite having strong policy frame work and much financial aid forest cover in the country has grown by just 0.56 percent or 3,976 km² since 2017. It is essential to revisit India's forest governance to become a leader in forest restoration.

There is need to reperine 'forests' and how to measure them. Rather than rely on satellite mapping of canopy cover or hectares of trees, focus should shift to the measurement of the relative density of a 'thriving forest' or an 'ecosystem'. Employing the latest satellite or aerial remote sensing and GIS technologies for real-time mapping of the forest land, would offer an important solution.

There is need for new policy formation to provide an overarching framework and direction for the management and regulation of forests. Employing a science-based methodology with a participatory approach will help government agencies determine the right type of tree-based interventions most suitable to certain land use. The Restoration Opportunities Assessment Methodology (ROAM)

framework could be adopted at scale for rigorous analysis of spatial, legal and socio-economic data to plan for the best interventions for forest restoration.

- (a) What has India witnessed in the last few years?

 (b) How can forests be redefined?

 (c) Why is there a need for new policy formation?

 1

 (d) What is ROAM and why it should be adopted?
- 2. Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow-

The song of many birds seems beautiful to us. If we watch a male songbird such as a nightingale early in the morning in early spring, we shall notice that it is alone and has not yet got a mate. It sings every morning from the same few perches. It stops singing when a female has arrived. Thus, many birds sing to attract females.

How then, males of species that do not sing, manage to attract females? Many species such as gulls live in groups and return year after year to the same colony sites. There they see each other and need not sing to attract females. Other species do not sing but do make specific loud noises which have exactly the same function as song. A male grey heron gives a loud hoarse cry every half minute or so as long as it is unmated and this cry attracts the female herons. The great spotted woodpecker 'drums' and probably attracts females by this 'instrumental music'. I think if you took one of Ludwig Koch's fine gramophone records of bird songs, and played it in the suitable habitat in spring, you would get surprising results.

The song has a second function as well; it signals the presence of males to other males. Most bird songs are not very easy to imitate. But a golden oriole is easily fooled by a poor imitation of its melodious call. If you play one of Ludwig Koch's records near the place where a male of the species is living, it will reply at once and, further, it will come to you. If you are well concealed, it may come

[2]

rival singing, then looks for it and attacks it.									
	How does a male song-bird such as a nightingale attract the female bird?								
			2						
(b)	How	does a male grey heron attract the female heron?	1						
(c)	What, according to the writer, is the second function of the song?								
(d)		does a male bird respond to the song of another male bird							
(e)	Choose the correct option and write in your answer book: $1 \times 2 = 2$								
	(i)	Find the word from the passage which means 'appears' -							
		(A) attracts (B) drums							
		(C) seems (D) attacks							
	(ii)	Find the word from the passage which is opposite in meaning	ng of 'late'-						
		(A) alone (B) function							
		(C) searching (D) early							
(f)	Sel	ect the correct option and write in your answer-book:	1×2=2						
	(i) In given passage, the word 'melodious' means-								
		(A) sharp (B) loud							
		(C) hoars (D) pleasant to liste	n to						
	(ii) The opposite of the word 'female' given in the passage is -								
		(A) Unmated (B) manage							
		(C) male (D) concealed							
SECTION B (Western a)									
SECTION - B (Writing)									
You are Pradeep/Pooja living at Swastik Plaza, Banjarawala, Dehradun. The									
residents of your colony are very much disturbed about the hopeless state of									
drai	drainage. Write a letter to the Executive officer of the Municipality, Debradua to								

OR

get the situation improved before the monsoon.

221 (HEF)

3.

[3]

P.T.O.

6

	Write a letter to your father seeking his permission for the tour.
4.	Write a paragraph on any one of the following in about 60 words— (i) My Favourite Book (ii) My Plan for holidays (iii) My Grandmother
5.	On the basis of hints given below, write a paragraph in about 80 words on 'The Annual Day organised in my School.' Hints: On 20th November 2023Chief guest arrivedwelcomed by Principal & stafffunction startedcultural programmeprize distributionspeech of chief guest, vote of thanks by senior teacher.
	SECTION - C (Grammar)
6.	Fill in the blanks with correct from of non-finites given in the brackets: ½×4=2 (a)is a good exercise. (dance) (b) You are too youngthis tree. (climb) (c) Would you likewith me? (go) (d) Havingbhis work he went out for a stroll. (complete)
7.	Combine the following pairs of sentences using sentence connectors given in the brackets- $1 \times 2 = 2$ (a) Take the blessings of your elders. Go to work (before) (b) He saw a thief. He called the police immediately. (as soon as)
8.	Join the following pair of sentences as directed- (a) Mt. Everest is the highest peak in the world. This is certain. (Begin with 'it is certain') (b) Shakespear is a great dramatist. We know it. (Begin with 'We know')
	(b) Shakespear is a great dramatist. We know it. (Begin with 'We know')

You are Vaibhav/Vishakha living in Hostel, St. Franklin School, Nainital. Your

[4]

9,	Fill	in the blanks with correct from of verbs given in the brackets-			
	3011	rie Children	1×3=3		
10		ir homework. Little Vibhu has not yet(finish) his assign nplete the following sentences using suitable modals:	mplete) ment.		
	(4)	work hard lest you fail.	1×2=2		
11	(b)	not run fast.			
11	. (a)	Rearrange the following words and phrases to form meaningful sen	tences-		
		(i) East / in / the / rises / the / Sun.	l×2=2		
		(ii) to / is / happiness / the / contentment / key.			
	(b)	Transform the following sentences into and	×2=2		
		(I) The students are playing cricket.			
		(ii) I shall learn the poem easily.			
		SECTION - D (Text Book)			
		(Prose)			
12.	Rea	d the extract given below and answer the questions that follow :			
His parents and his brothers and sister had landed on this green flooring ahead of him. They were beckoning to him, calling shrilly. He dropped his legs to stand on the green sea. His legs sank into it. He screamed with fright an					
		ger and he could not rise, exhausted by the strange exercise. His fee			
	into	the green sea, and then his belly touched it and he sank no farther.	He was		
	float	ring on it, and around him his family was screaming, praising him.			
	(a)	Whose parents, brothers and sister landed on the green flooring?	1		
	(b)	What did he do to stand on the green sea?	1		
221	(HEF)	[5]	P.T.O		

- (c) What happened to his feet?
- (d) Find a word in the passage which means 'loud'.

13. Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow -

He wandered for seven years and finally sat down under a peepal tree, where he vowed to stay until enlightenment came. Enlightened after seven days, he renamed the tree the Bodhi Tree (Tree of Wisdom) and began to teach and to share his new understandings. At that point he became known as the Buddha (the Awakened or the Enlightened). The Buddha preached his first sermon at the city of Benares, most holy of the dipping places on the River Ganges; that sermon has been preserved and is given here. It reflects the Buddha's wisdom about one inscrutable kind of suffering.

(a) Who is 'He' in the passage?

1

(b) When was he enlightened?

1

1

1

(c) What does 'Bodhi Tree' mean?

14. Answer the following question in about 80 words -

5

3

How did Mandela's hunger for freedom change his life?

OR

Why does the Postmaster send money to Lencho? Why does he sign the letter "God"?

Answer the following question in about 30-40 words Give a brief sketch of Chubukov.

(d) Find a word in the passage which is the antonym of 'stupidity'.

OR

Justify the title of the play 'The Proposal'.

221 (HEF) [6]

16.	Read the following extract and	
	Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow:	
	writing long letters	
	of the forest for	
	the lorest from the house.	
	The night is fresh, the whole moon shines	
	in a sky still open.	
	(a) Name the poem and the poet.	
	(b) What is the poet doing at the moment?	1
	(c) How is the night?	1
	OR	1
	Did you finish your homework, Amanda?	
	Did you tidy your room, Amanda?	
	I thought I told you to clean your shoes,	
	Amanda!	
	(a) Name the poem and the poet.	1
	(b) Who do you think the speaker here?	1
	(c) What did Amanda not do?	1
17.	Answer any two of the following questions in about 30-40 words each	۱:
	Cition	2×2=4
	(a) What do people say about the ending of the world? What does	the poet
	think?	
((b) How did the dragon look in appearance?	
((c) What happened when the dust of snow fell on the poet?	

(Supplementary Reader)

18. Answer the following question in about 100 words : How did the narrator find Anil as a man and as an employer?

7

OR

What makes you think that Griffin was a lawless person?

19. Answer the following question in about 30-40 words : Who was Horace Danby and what kind of a person was he?

3

OR:

Why did Fowler want to meet Ausable? Why was he disappointed?

20. Answer the following question in about 20-30 words: What was the cause of Matilda's ruin? How could she have avoided it? 2

OR

Why is Mrs Pumphrey worried about Tricki? downladed from C

[8]